JUVENILE DETENTION PROFILE SURVEY

EXPLANATION OF RESULTS

The following link titles contain the Juvenile Detention Profile Survey results for the First Quarter of 2005. **Capacity, Population and ADP Breakout** contains totals for major categories such as Highest One-Day Population, Average Daily Population (ADP), gender, and the age range of detained minors. **Breakout of Juveniles in Detention** contains information regarding counties' ADP and Board Rated Capacity (BRC) breakouts and **Summary of Survey Results** contains information about a wide range of juvenile detention facility issues including crowding, mental health needs, average length of stay, and number of bookings.

Juvenile Hall Data – Part 1 & 2, and Camp Data contain trend information compiled from 1999 through 2005. The trend data is separated into Juvenile Hall related data and Camp related data.

Please keep the following in mind when reviewing this information:

- For Overall Capacity, Crowding (highest one-day population—the count of minors in detention on the day of each county's highest population) and ADP (the average daily detention population for the reporting period), we have complete data from all jurisdictions in the state that operate juvenile detention facilities.

- Each jurisdiction provides us with the average population, computed across all the days in the month, for each of the three months in the quarter. The weighted average across the three months is then computed for each jurisdiction (with the monthly averages weighted by the number of days in the month). The jurisdictions ADPs are then summed to produce the state's total ADP.

- For some variables (other than ADP), we did not receive complete data from all jurisdictions.   In such instances, we used statistical procedures to estimate the statewide total.

- Felony/misdemeanor, gender counts, and age-range breakouts are based upon a one-day snapshot (on the 15th day of the final month of the quarter). These values are used to determine the percentage of the population in each felony/misdemeanor, gender, and age category. The percentages are then applied to the Total ADP to project the expected ADP in each of the felony/misdemeanor, gender, and age-range categories.